







Trust actual surplus / (deficit)

£0.0m	Actual (adjusted)*
£0.0m	Plan (adjusted)*
£0.0m	Actual YTD (adjusted
£0.0m	Plan YTD (adjusted)*



Covid-19 spend and system **Covid-19 funding**

Revenue actual £35.6m Revenue actual YTD Covid funding in

£33.4m Covid funding YTD



Net current assets

Debtor days

(£55.8m)

Net current assets/(liabilities), debtor days and payables performance

Payables performance (YTD) **

Value Actual

Plan

Quantity



Capital expenditure

Capital - actual spend in month

Capital - actual spend £37.5m

£47.4m Capital - plan YTD



Elective Recovery Fund (ERF)

ERF values subject to change due to coding updates

ERF forecast actual in month

ERF plan in month

£17.1m ERF forecast actual YTD

ERF plan YTD £7.5m

£ in million Legend

* On a control total basis, excluding the effects of impairments and donated assets

In month

** Payables performance YTD relates to the Better Payment Practice Code target to pay suppliers within due date or 30 days of receipt of a valid invoice.



Cash and **EBITDA**

This month

Previous month

Cash

£163.5m Actual

> £152.0m Plan

EBITDA

£26.2m Actual

£26.4m

Plan

month

YTD

Month 9 Financial Performance



- The Month 9 year to date (YTD) position is breakeven for performance management purposes. The gross YTD deficit is £0.2m.
- The reported position includes £17.1m of ERF income.
- The underlying Covid-19 financial impact in month remains high at £6.6m. Clinical Income, on a payment by activity basis, performing above pre Covid-19 levels, for the first time, by £1.5m in month mainly due to admitted patient care casemix being above the planned figures (refer to page 7 for a detailed breakdown and mitigations).

Covid-19 Expenditure

- The Trust has incurred £35.6m of Covid-19 associated expenditure in the YTD, which is broadly in line with plan.
- Whilst there has been a reduction in the actual levels of Covid-19 patients in the hospitals, the amount of Covid-19 spend incurred to date is a reflection of the pressures services are facing, to cope with higher than usual demand, together with the need to maintain a Covid secure environment.

Elective Recovery Fund (ERF)

- Following further validation of the H1 ERF CUH is recognising £17.1m (an additional £0.7m in month) of funding through the ERF mechanism (in line with a revised NHSE/I ERF forecast). Overall the ERF income is £9.6m higher than the initial H1 planning assumption mainly driven by the baseline change due to theatre closures of £5.1m and pricing and performance movements of £3.8m.
- This additional funding has been invested to support reductions in patient waiting lists, to cover additional costs associated with the delivery of activity and will not lead to improved financial performance for CUH or the system during H2.
- For H2, ERF performance will be measured using an aggregated baseline of referral to treatment (RTT) pathway stop clocks in 2019/20 from both the Admitted and Non Admitted pathways. RTT pathway stop clock performance in H2 will be assessed against a threshold of 89% of this baseline with system performance above this level being eligible for additional funding. For activity between 89% and 94%, activity will be funded at 100% of tariff, and above 94% activity will be funded at 120% of tariff. As in H1, performance will be assessed at a system rather than an organisational level.
- CUH is projecting to achieve the target in October, December, February and March, however ERF funding for this is not being recognised at this stage due to the uncertainty of system level performance.

Productivity and Efficiency Programme (PEP, previously CIP)



- The Trust will need to address an efficiency requirement of £12.4m or 2.2% of the H2 income baseline. The increased requirement is driven by a general efficiency requirement of 0.82% over the six month period, an additional variable efficiency factor applied to the C&P health system due to distance from control total target, a reduction of 25% in the 'lost income' support and a c.6% reduction in the Covid-19 fixed allocation.
- The Trust is targeting the delivery of it's PEP across the following three main areas:
 - Efficiency and productivity savings, i.e. schemes that will help to reduce the current cost base or by growing the margin on other income generation schemes. In support of this a cost reduction plan of £2.4m has been included in the Trust's forecast for H1.
 - COVID-19 cost reductions this category focuses on safely reducing the actual level of expenditure on items that are recorded on the COVID-19 cost tracker
 - Delivering increased ERF income/cost margin
- £6.2m of efficiencies have been identified in M7, M8 and M9 which is in line with the H2 plan. In the year to date £11.0m of efficiencies have been identified so far.
- The increased H2 efficiency target is challenging to the Trust and work continues across the organisation to identify the initiatives that will meet both the H2 target and form the basis of the 22/23 programme.

Cash and Capital Position

- The Trust has agreed an initial capital allocation for the year of £42.7m for its core capital requirements. In addition to this, we expect to receive further funding for the Regional Surge Centre (£17.9m), Children's Hospital (£8.5m), Pathology systems upgrade (£1.8m), a Treatment Planning CT (£0.9m) and voice recognition technology (£3.1m). Together with some recent smaller funding allocations, this provides a total capital programme of £77.9m (including £1.9m of capitalised PFI costs). Other centrally funded capital allocations may still become available during the closing months of the year, but it will become increasingly difficult to spend these if offered.
- Overall, the capital programme forecast remains on budget at £77.9m. Whilst there are risks to the forecast, we are continuing to mitigate these by bringing forward planned capital spend from 2022/23 (mainly medical equipment replacement).
- The Trust's cash position is strong and the 13 week cash flow forecast does not identify any need for additional revenue cash support in the foreseeable future.

FY21/22 H2 Financial Plan



- The H2 arrangements are broadly consistent with the current H1 framework and are summarised by:
 - System funding envelopes, containing adjusted CCG allocations, system top-up and COVID-19 fixed allocation, based on the H1 2021/22 envelopes adjusted for additional known pressures, such as the impact of the pay award, and increased efficiency requirement;
 - ➤ Block payment arrangements remain in place for relationships with NHS Commissioners (comprising NHS England and CCGs) and NHS providers (comprising NHS Foundation Trusts and NHS Trusts). Signed contracts between NHS Commissioners and NHS providers are not required for the 2021/22 financial year.
- Importantly, H1 and H2 will be treated as a single financial period meaning any carry forward surplus or deficit from H1 will contribute to the whole 2021/22 financial year, for which there is an expectation that all systems and individual organisations will achieve breakeven (i.e. those systems with a deficit in H1 are expected to make it up in H2).
- In addition to an increased efficiency requirement of £12.4m the performance measurement for ERF in H2 is now based on RTT stop clock volumes.
 The Trust is not currently forecasting to earn additional ERF income in H2 but this remains under review.
- Following H2 system planning exercise the Trust successfully demonstrated that it required the £13.5m of funding that was returned to the system for H1. In addition, the Trust has received £1.7m of Capacity funding and this has been allocated against a number of clinical priority investments.
- The Trust has been allocated c.£8.3m of the £100m regional Elective plus funding (Winter funding) and this will be paid to the Trust in M9-12.
- Budgets have been allocated for H2 and form the basis of the financial analysis produced within this report.

FY22/23 Planning and process



Planning guidance has, in part, been published with further detailed technical guidance and templates expected throughout January 2022. The key financial planning messages outlined below:

- Systems will continue to be the key unit for financial planning purposes, with the aim to breakeven collectively and individually.
- From 2022/23, reset to move systems back towards a fair share distribution of resource at the levels affordable within the Spending Round 21 settlement.
- £2.3billion elective recovery funding is available to support recovery of elective services in 2022/23. Systems will be allocated a proportion of this additional funding on a fair share basis for Cambridgeshire and Peterborough (C&P); the system is currently estimating this as £33m.
- Access to the additional elective funding will be dependent on sign-off of activity plans and systems will need to earn their share of the funding based on delivery against a value-based activity target. Further guidance by the end of January.
- Systems will continue to receive SDF allocations to support the delivery of the Long Term Plan commitments; for C&P this is £23m, with allocation to individual organisations not yet complete.
- Systems will continue to receive a fixed system allocation for Covid-19 services based on their provider and commissioner footprints. For C&P this is £45m, a reduction of £60m from 2021/22 funding.
- Cost inflation is assumed at 2.8%, with a 1.1% efficiency requirement (net 1.7% inflation).
- Initial system analysis of the anticipated movement in 22/23 income for CUH shows a net increase of £1.2m. This figure includes a potential increase in income
 through growth funding (c£27m) and inflation (c£28m). The anticipated income reduction for efficiency is c£20m (national efficiency of 1.1% equates to c£12m and
 system specific efficiency of c£8m). There is also a significant reduction in Covid-19 funding of c£26m and a removal of the support funding CUH has received for
 lost income £5m.

Trust approach to planning

- The budgeting process has commenced and is expected to run until early March 2022.
- Finance colleagues are engaging with Divisional and Directorate colleagues to develop the detailed financial plans for 2022/23 with the objective of delivering a realistic plan with clear ownership that supports operational delivery.

Trust underlying Covid-19 financial impact

2.2

1.9

0.0

1.6

	, 5			1
FY20/21	FY21/22	FY21/22	YTD	
£'m	M1 to M8	M9	£'m	Covid-19 Financial Pressure
123.5	26.9	(1.5)	25.3	Compromised Clinical Income
(49.6)	(26.3)	1.4	(24.9)	Expenditure - reduced service delivery costs
73.9	0.6	(0.1)	0.4	Productivity Reduction
79.7	32.0	3.6	35.6	Covid-19 revenue costs
0.0	2.5	0.0	2.5	Covid-19 impact outstanding annual leave
79.7	34.4	3.6	38.0	Covid-19 – Incremental Costs
19.7	(2.7)	0.8	(1.9)	R&D income at risk
21.6	19.8	2.3	22.2	Other income reductions
41.3	17.1	3.1	20.2	Other compromised Income
194.9	52.1	6.6	58.7	Full adverse impact of Covid-19
4.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	Remedial fire safety works (net)
19.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	Impairment of Trust estate

Study leave

Pass-through drugs

Depreciation and Amortisation

Service Developments: expenditure

Reported NHS Finance Performance

Position: Deficit/(Surplus)

2.2

1.9

(0.1)

8.1

(0.0)

				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
23.5	6.4	5.7	12.1	Other major items
£'m	£'m	£'m	£'m	Mitigations
(86.7)	(23.6)	(3.7)	(27.2)	Clinical income through block payments
(10.6)	0.4	(2.3)	(1.9)	Clinical income through pass through
(95.0)	(28.7)	(4.7)	(33.4)	System Covid funding+Out of envelope funding
(11.0)	0.0	0.0	0.0	20/21 Additional top-up from £5.9m to £7.8m per month
	(6.5)	(1.6)	(8.1)	Service Developments: income
(0.9)	(0.2)	(0.1)	(0.3)	Other adjustments - donated asset income

NOTE: ERF Income and Expenditure is excluded from this analysis

(0.0)

NOTE: Pay Award arrears excluded

(0.0)

0.0

0.0

(0.1)

6.5

0.0

0.0

0.0

14.2

This table sets out the adverse impact of Covid-19 on the Trust's finances and the mitigating mechanisms currently in place. The underlying performance is driven by four factors:

1) Productivity Reduction

Compromised clinical income and costs of delivering increasing activity volumes including service developments

2) Covid-19 - Incremental Costs

Covid-19 direct expenditure and incremental Covid-19 related increases in our usual cost base

3) Other compromised income

R&D income, Education and training, Inter Trust services and non NHS paying patient income

4) Other major items

Includes net gap between funding and initial assessment of expenditure for Remedial fire safety works, Impairment of the Trust estate value, impact of provision assessment and expenditure on commissioned service developments outside of the plan for H1

5) Net other month 9 funding adjustments

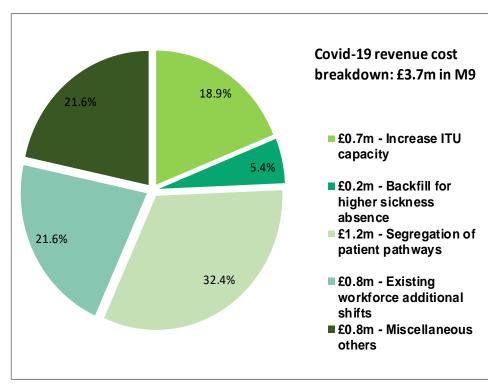
Funding adjustments recognised in month 1 to month 9.

YTD the underlying financial pressure from Covid-19 stands at £58.7m.

Please note: The methodology for calculating the Productivity Reduction and Mitigations was reviewed in M9 – the resulting presentation of the year to date figures better reflects the underlying performance in 21/22.

		In	Month		Year to Date					
£ Millions	Budget	Actual	Variance	Variance (Exc. Covid)	Budget	Actual	Variance	Variance (Exc. Covid)		
Clinical Income - exc. D&D*	53.8	58.5	4.6	4.6	500.6	530.5	29.9	29.9		
Clinical Income - D&D*	12.2	15.9	3.7	3.7	109.2	117.0	7.9	7.9		
Devolved Income	25.0	21.9	(3.1)	(3.1)	207.4	187.2	(20.2)	(20.2)		
Covid - Income top-up & outside envelope	4.6	4.7	0.1		32.7	33.4	0.7			
Total Income	95.7	101.0	5.4	5.2	849.8	868.1	18.3	17.5		
Pay	49.0	49.1	(0.1)	(0.1)	427.7	439.8	(12.1)	(12.1)		
Drugs	14.0	15.6	(1.6)	(1.6)	124.1	125.1	(0.9)	(0.9)		
Non Pay	25.6	29.9	(4.2)	(4.2)	231.6	241.4	(9.8)	(9.8)		
Covid - Pay	2.6	2.0	0.6		21.3	21.5	(0.2)			
Covid - Drugs	0.1	0.1	(0.0)		0.3	0.9	(0.7)			
Covid - Non pay	1.5	1.6	(0.1)		18.2	13.1	5.1			
Operating Expenditure	92.8	98.2	(5.4)	(5.9)	823.3	841.9	(18.6)	(22.8)		
EBITDA	2.9	2.8	(0.1)	(0.7)	26.6	26.2	(0.3)	(5.3)		
Depreciation, Amortisation & Financing	2.9	2.9	(0.0)	(0.0)	26.5	26.4	0.1	0.1		
Reported gross Surplus / (Deficit)	(0.0)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.7)	0.1	(0.2)	(0.3)	(5.2)		
Add back technical adjustments:										
Impairments	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
Capital donations/grants net I&E impact	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	(0.1)	0.2	0.3	0.3		
Net benefit of PPE consumables transactions	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
Surplus / (Deficit) NHS financial performance basis	(0.0)	0.0	0.0	(0.6)	0.0	0.0	0.0	(4.9)		
*D&D = Drugs & devices										





Key messages:

During Q1 of this financial year, following the second Covid wave, there was a reduction in Covid spend run rate, averaging at £3.1m per month compared to a monthly average spend of circa £6.7m during the last quarter of FY20/21.



The Trust continues to invest in services to cope with the increased demand and these pressures have been recognised nationally, with NHS E/I updating the Covid guidance at the start of Q2 of FY21/22 to include "existing workforce carrying out additional shifts to meet increased demand", which explains the increase in the reported Covid spend run rate from month 4 onwards.

The main areas of Covid recurrent investment in Month 9 are:

Segregation of patient pathways	£1.2m
Existing workforce covering additional shifts	£0.8m
Miscellaneous spend	£0.8m
Cost to maintain the increase in ITU capacity	£0.7m

Within miscellaneous spend, which sits mainly within corporate services, there has been an increase in decontamination / cleaning cost, additional security services to facilitate social distancing and the cost for the vaccination and testing programme.

Division	Jan-21 (m)	Feb-21 (m)	Mar-21 (m)	Apr-21 (m)	May-21 (m)	Jun-21 (m)	Jul-21 (m)	Aug-21 (m)	Sep-21 (m)	Oct-21 (m)	Nov-21 (m)	Dec-21 (m)
Corporate	£1.7	£2.3	£3.0	£1.1	£1.1	£1.7	£1.2	£1.9	£0.7	£1.1	£1.5	£1.3
Division A	£2.9	£2.3	£1.7	£1.0	£1.0	£0.0	£2.9	£1.5	£1.0	£1.3	£1.5	£1.2
Division B	£0.5	£0.5	£0.3	£0.3	£0.3	(£0.0)	£0.7	£0.7	£0.4	£0.5	£0.1	£0.4
Division C	£1.1	£1.2	£1.1	£0.2	£0.2	£0.8	£0.3	£0.5	£0.5	£0.5	£0.3	£0.5
Division D	£0.2	£0.2	£0.4	£0.4	£0.4	£0.4	£0.5	£0.6	£0.5	£0.3	£0.2	£0.2
Division E	£0.2	£0.2	£0.3	£0.0	£0.0	£0.3	£0.5	£0.1	£0.2	£0.2	£0.1	£0.1
Total	£6.6	£6.7	£6.7	£3.1	£3.1	£3.1	£6.1	£5.3	£3.4	£3.9	£3.8	£3.7
	Covi	d second v	wave				Act	tivity recov	ery			

Full Year Forecast – key messages



£'m	H1	Month 7	Month 8	Month 9	Month 10	Month 11	Month 12	H2	Total 21/22
Operating income from patient care activities	483.133	82.591	82.591	82.591	82.592	82.592	82.592	495.549	978.682
Other operating income	79.397	13.375	13.079	13.078	13.079	13.079	13.077	78.767	158.164
Total operating income	562.530	95.966	95.670	95.669	95.671	95.671	95.669	574.316	1,136.846
Employee expenses	(294.384)	(51.459)	(51.554)	(51.568)	(51.702)	(51.716)	(51.547)	(309.546)	(603.930)
Operating expenses excluding employee expenses	(261.774)	(43.525)	(43.133)	(43.120)	(42.987)	(42.973)	(43.137)	(258.875)	(520.649)
Operating Surplus/(Deficit)	6.372	0.982	0.983	0.981	0.982	0.982	0.985	5.895	12.267
Finance expense	(3.414)	(0.502)	(0.502)	(0.502)	(0.502)	(0.502)	(0.504)	(3.014)	(6.428)
PDC dividends payable/refundable	(2.880)	(0.480)	(0.480)	(0.480)	(0.480)	(0.480)	(0.480)	(2.880)	(5.760)
Net finance costs	(6.294)	(0.982)	(0.982)	(0.982)	(0.982)	(0.982)	(0.984)	(5.894)	(12.188)
Surplus/(Deficit) - NHS financial performance basis for the year to date	0.078	(0.000)	0.001	(0.001)	(0.000)	(0.000)	0.001	0.001	0.079
Add back technical adjustments:									
Impairments	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Capital donations/grants net I&E impact	(0.078)	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	(0.078)
Net benefit of PPE consumables transactions	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Reported gross surplus/(deficit)	(0.000)	(0.000)	0.001	(0.001)	(0.000)	(0.000)	0.001	0.001	0.001

- The Trust has submitted an H2 (M7-12) plan to NHS E/I which will deliver a break-even position on an NHS financial basis.
- The Trust is not expecting to receive ERF income in H2.
- The Trust has recognised the return of the £13.5m H1 ICS income contribution within the H2 plan.
- Productivity and Efficiency schemes totalling £12.4m are included within the H2 plan.
- NHS E/I have confirmed that the Trust's financial performance will be based on H1 and H2 as detailed above.

Month 9 performance against forecast



£'m	M9 YTD Plan	M9 YTD Actual	Variance	Notes
Operating income from patient care activities	730.9	759.6	28.7	
Other operating income	118.9	108.5	(10.5)	
Total income	849.8	868.1	18.3	Total income is ahead of plan year to date
Employee expenses	(449.0)	(461.3)	(12.4)	
Operating expenses excluding employee expenses	(391.6)	(397.8)	(6.2)	
Operating surplus / (deficit)	9.3	9.0	(0.3)	Operating position is marginally behind plan year to date
Finance costs				
Finance expense	(4.9)	(4.9)	0.0	
PDC dividends payable/refundable	(4.3)	(4.3)	0.0	
Net Finance costs	(9.2)	(9.2)	0.1	
Reported gross surplus/(deficit)	0.1	(0.2)	(0.3)	Performance is marginally behind plan year to date
Add back technical adjustments:				
Impairments	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Capital donations/grants net I&E impact	(0.1)	0.2	0.3	
Net benefit of PPE consumables transactions	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Surplus/(Deficit) - NHS financial performance basis for the year to date	(0.0)	0.0	0.0	Net position is in line with plan year to date

- The Trust is line with plan on an NHS financial performance basis.
- The reported position includes £62.4m (£7.8m/month) of top-up funding. This matches the funding level in FY20/21. The Trust has also received £27.4m (£3.1m/month for H1 and £4.6m/month for H2) of system Covid-19 funding and £1.0m of outside envelope Covid funding to cover new schemes that were outside the originally funding allocations e.g. the vaccination centre.
- The reported expenditure position includes £35.6m of Covid expenditure in the year to date.

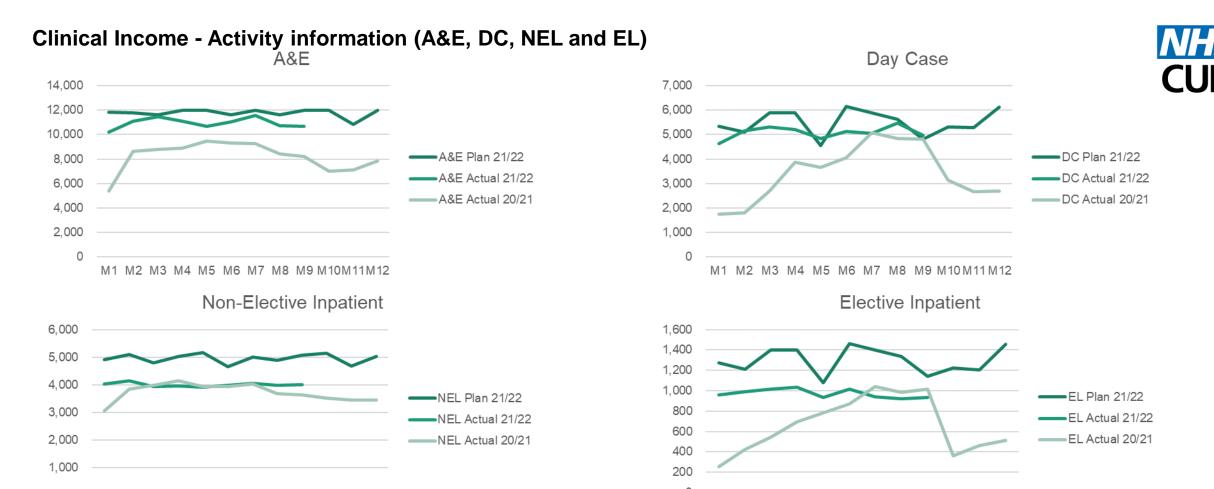


NHS
CUH

Note: The Feb-21 and Mar-21 income figures include additional ad hoc income to support fire safety works, lost income, annual leave and superannuation funding.

£'m		In Month		Year to Date				
	Plan	Actual	Variance	Plan	Actual	Variance		
Admitted Patient Care	27.1	26.1	(1.0)	253.1	225.0	(28.1)		
Outpatient	10.4	12.6	2.2	92.5	93.3	0.8		
Accident and Emergency	2.1	2.0	(0.1)	18.6	18.6 18.4			
Other Activity	26.4	33.7	7.3	245.5	310.8	65.3		
Total Clinical Income	66.0	74.4	8.3	609.7	647.5	37.7		
Devolved Income	25.0	21.9	(2.1)	207.4	187.2	(20.2)		
			(3.1)			(20.2)		
Covid - Income top-up & outside envelope	4.6	4.7	0.1	32.7	33.4	0.7		
Total Trust Income	95.7	101.0	5.4	849.8	868.1	18.3		

- For H2 the Clinical Income plan continues to reflect a pre-Covid level of performance. The devolved income plan includes monthly top-up funding of £7.8m and Covid funding of £3.1m per month for H1 and £4.6m per month for H2.
- At the end of month 9, the Trust's overall income position is £18.3m above plan. Clinical income is £37.7m ahead of plan, with devolved income £20.2m adverse to plan. The underlying adverse variance is driven by lower customer activity billing and specific risk adjustments.
- Pay award funding for H2 is included in the plan but following NHS E/I guidance was excluded from H1 plans.
- The Clinical Income position includes forecast ERF income of £17.1m year to date.
- Within Admitted Patient Care, Outpatients and Accident and Emergency there is adverse variance of £27.5m due to Covid with this shortfall in income covered by the block payment within Other Activity.



Key messages:

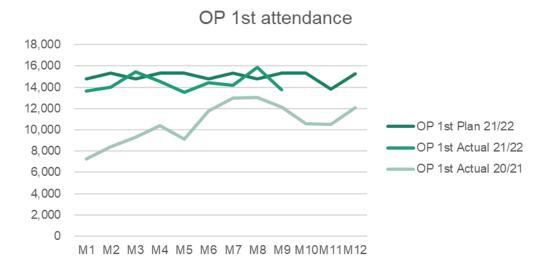
- A&E activity remains relatively close to planned activity levels at month 9 (set at pre-Covid levels).
- Elective inpatient spells have remained stable in month 9 and remain lower than in the previous year. Day case spells have seen a decreased level in month 9 but follows plan.
- Non-elective spells are comparable to FY20/21 level but remain considerably below 21/22 plan.

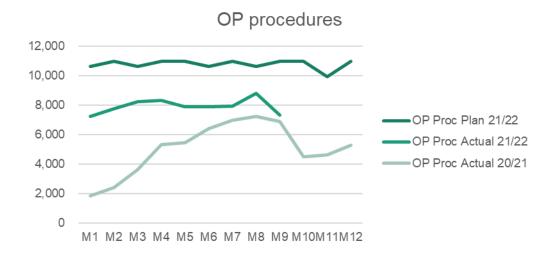
M1 M2 M3 M4 M5 M6 M7 M8 M9 M10M11M12

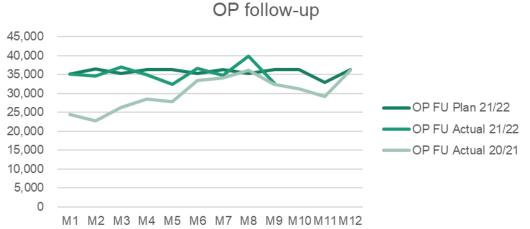
M1 M2 M3 M4 M5 M6 M7 M8 M9 M10 M11 M12

Clinical Income - Activity information (OP FA, FUP and Procedure)









- Outpatient first attendances have dropped below plan in month 9 but still above prior year activity levels.
- Outpatient follow-ups & procedures have decreased in month 9 and are performing close to 20/21 actuals but remain below plan.

£m	Month 9
2.3	Drugs and Devices over-performance
1.6	Contracted clinical commissioning income over-performance
(0.0)	Non-contracted clinical commissioning income performance
3.8	In month overall service over-performance
3.7	Offset - by clinical income mainly through block & additional commissioner funding (Adult critical care £0.3m, Genomics £0.8m, n/r funding £0.5m, Elective + funding £2.2m)
8.0	Additional ERF
8.3	NET clinical income over-performance



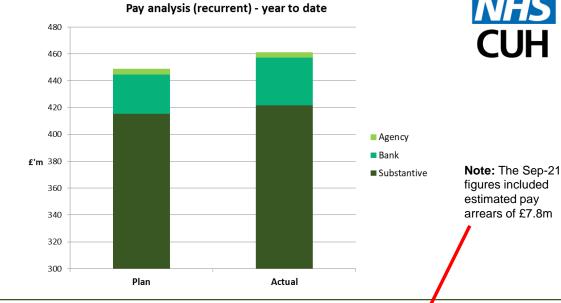
			1121/2211	I LIN IIIICIOITI	an (± m)					1121/2211	z zm micia	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			21/2211	Key messages:
	Apr-21	May-21	Jun-21	Jul-21	Aug-21	Sep-21	H1 Total	Oct-21	Nov-21	Dec-21	Jan-22	Feb-22	Mar-22	H2 Total	Total	
																The table summarises the ERF
ERF PLAN	2.7	3.6	0.0	0.5	0.6	0.2	7.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.5	plan and forecast for H1 and H2
																FY21/22.
		F	Y21/22 H1 ER	Actual and Fo	recast (£'m)				FY	21/22 H2 ERI	F Actual and	d Forecast (£	'm)		21/22 Total	The Trust has a receipt of C17.1 m of EDE funding for H1
POD	Apr-21	May-21	Jun-21	Jul-21	Aug-21	Sep-21	Total	Oct-21	Nov-21	Dec-21	Jan-22	Feb-22	Mar-22	Total	Total	£17.1m of ERF funding for H1. This includes a downward
	Actual (confirmed)	Actual (confirmed)	Actual (confirmed)	Actual (confirmed)	Actual (confirmed)	Actual (confirmed)	H1 Actual	Actual (awaiting	Actual (awaiting validation)	Actual (awaiting validation)		H2 Forecast	:		21/22 Forecast	revision of £1.4m in the H1 estimate reported.
DC	3.9	4.4	4.4	4.6	3.8	4.5	25.6	validation	validation)	validation						 For H2 ERF will be measured by
IP spell	4.5	5.1	5	4.6	4.4	4.8	28.4									an aggregated baseline of RTT
OP Attendance	8	8.1	8.7	8.4	7.7	8.6	49.5									performance against both
OP Procedure	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.4	8.5			Ma	etric n/a in	шэ				Admitted and Non Admitted
Total £	17.8	19	19.5	19.1	17.3	19.3	112.0			IVIC	stire nya m	112				Pathways.
Percentage (%) against FY19/20 actuals (i.e. baseline)	96%	107%	97%	100%	99%	101%										 March 2020 was influenced by Covid admissions and therefore the baseline for March 2022
,								74%	77%	78%	80%	83%	137%			measurement has been
RTT % Forecast H2			Me	etric n/a in H1				91%	95%	97%	85%	89%	107%			artificially constructed by NHSE/I,
								81%	84%	86%	85%	90%	115%			this is part of the reason for
ERF ACTUAL AND FORECAST	5.3	6.5	3.9	1.0	0.6	1.2	18.5	0.1	0.0	2.6	0.0	0.1	4.8	7.6	26.1	projected achievement in March
H1 System Adjustment								(1.4)							(1.4)	2022 and as such should be
Estimated H2 System Adjustment								(0.1)		(2.6)		(0.1)	(4.8)	(7.6)	(7.6)	caveated.CUH is projecting to achieve the
CUMULATIVE TOTAL	5.3	11.8	15.7	16.7	17.3	18.5	18.5	17.1	17.1	17.1	17.1	17.1	17.1	17.1	17.1	target in February and March,
			FY21/22 H1 E	RF variance to	plan (£'m)				ı	FY21/22 H2 E	RF variance	e to plan (£'n	n)			however this will not be recognised at this stage due to
POD	Apr-21	May-21	Jun-21	Jul-21	Aug-21	Sep-21	Total	Oct-21	Nov-21	Dec-21	Jan-22	Feb-22	Mar-22	Total	Total	uncertainty at system performance level. We awaiting
FORECAST ERF ABOVE PLAN	2.6	2.9	3.9	0.5	0.0	1.0	11.0	(1.4)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	9.6	further guidance from NHSEI.

FY21/22 H2 ERF Initial Plan (£'m)

FY21/22 H1 ERF Initial Plan (£'m)

21/22 FY

- At the end of month 9, the Trust is reporting a £12.3m adverse position on pay. This is mainly explained by the H1 back-dated pay award payment of £7.8m.
- The Trust continues to take actions to restore and maintain services in a Covid safe environment and has invested £21.4m of Covid pay related spend as at month 9.
- When excluding the H1 pay award, Covid related pay budget and spend, the Trust is reporting an underlying adverse variance of £4.4m YTD, of which circa £2.1m relates to additional investment to secure the ERF delivery and other investments that are fully funded from income sources i.e. R&D. Refer overleaf for an additional analysis of the Covid element in pay expenditure.
- Bank spend as a proportion to the total pay bill as at month 9 is 7.7%, while agency spend for the same time period is only 0.9% of the total pay bill. The main driver for the bank spend is the additional shifts required to meet the increased demand.





	In Month		Year to Date			
£ Millions	Budget	Actual	Variance	Budget	Actual	Variance
Non Covid:						
Administrative & Clerical	6.9	7.3	(0.5)	60.3	66.2	(5.9)
Allied Healthcare Professionals	2.7	2.8	(0.1)	23.9	24.6	(8.0)
Clinical Scientists & Technicians	4.4	4.6	(0.2)	39.1	40.3	(1.3)
Medical and Dental Staff	15.9	15.8	0.1	140.2	143.4	(3.3)
Nursing	17.8	17.3	0.5	153.6	155.1	(1.5)
Other Pay Costs	1.3	1.2	0.1	10.7	10.1	0.6
Subtotal for non-covid	49.0	49.1	(0.1)	427.7	439.8	(12.1)
Covid:						
Administrative & Clerical	0.2	0.3	(0.1)	1.8	2.4	(0.5)
Allied Healthcare Professionals	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.9	1.1	(0.2)
Clinical Scientists & Technicians	0.1	0.1	(0.0)	0.5	0.6	(0.1)
Medical and Dental Staff	0.7	0.5	0.2	6.7	6.3	0.4
Nursing	1.0	0.9	0.0	7.1	10.6	(3.5)
Other Pay Costs	0.5	0.1	0.4	4.3	0.6	3.7
Subtotal for covid	2.6	2.0	0.6	21.3	21.5	(0.2)
Total Pay Cost	51.6	51.1	0.5	449.1	461.3	(12.3)



Note: The non-Covid YTD adverse pay variance of £12.1m includes £7.4m of direct pay award arrears and £2.1m of funded ERF staff support costs. The underlying adverse variance is therefore £2.6m. The Covid adverse pay variance includes £0.2m of pay award arrears.



	In Month			Year to Date		
£ Millions	Budget	Actual	Variance	Budget	Actual	Variance
Non Covid:						
Agency	0.4	0.3	0.0	3.2	2.6	0.6
Bank	2.1	2.5	(0.4)	22.0	27.8	(5.9)
Contracted	0.2	0.2	(0.1)	1.8	2.0	(0.2)
Substantive	46.4	46.0	0.4	400.8	407.4	(6.6)
Subtotal for non-covid	49.0	49.1	(0.1)	427.7	439.8	(12.1)
Covid:						
Agency	0.1	0.1	0.0	1.1	1.4	(0.2)
Bank	0.9	0.7	0.2	7.3	7.9	(0.6)
Contracted	0.0	0.0	(0.0)	0.0	0.2	(0.2)
Substantive	1.5	1.1	0.4	12.9	12.0	0.9
Subtotal for covid	2.6	2.0	0.6	21.3	21.5	(0.2)
Total Pay Cost	51.6	51.1	0.5	449.1	461.3	(12.3)

Note: The non-Covid YTD adverse pay variance of £12.1m includes £7.4m of direct pay award arrears and £2.1m of funded ERF staff support costs. The underlying adverse variance is therefore £2.6m. The Covid adverse pay variance includes £0.2m of pay award arrears.





- At the end of month 9, the Trust's non pay position is £6.3m adverse to plan (including Covid costs).
- When excluding Covid related non-pay budget and expenditure, the variance becomes adverse £10.7m YTD (refer to the next slide).
- The Trust continues to invest to support services to recover activity to pre-Covid levels. Non pay expenditure totalling £6.8m, fully covered by the ERF funding was reported within the month 4 position which explains the uplift on the graph above.
- At Month 9 the Trust has adjusted the Injury Cost Recovery provision and increased the Study Leave Provision by £2.2m to reflect estimated 21/22 impact.
- The allocation of the non-pay costs that can be categorised as Covid remains under review and it is anticipated that there will be further adjustments in future months.

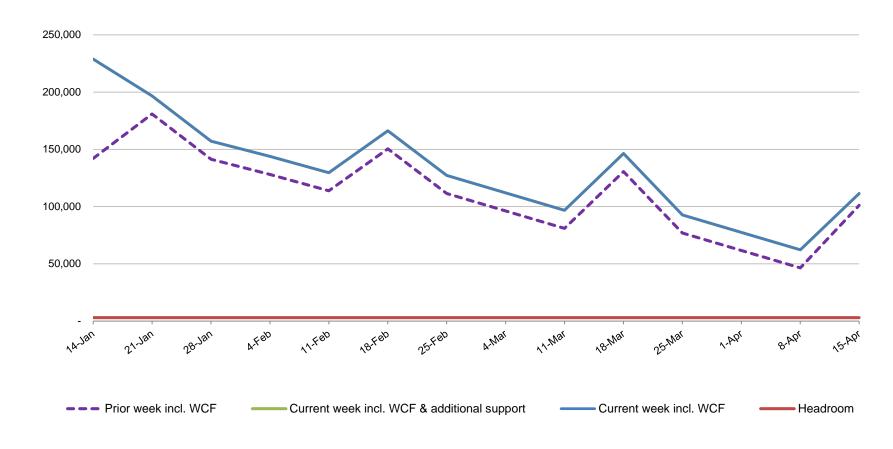
	In Month		Year to Date			
£millions	Budget	Actual	Variance	Budget	Actual	Variance
Non Covid:						
Drugs	14.0	15.6	(1.6)	124.1	125.1	(0.9)
Clinical Supplies	15.4	14.4	1.0	136.6	134.0	2.5
Misc Other Operating expenses	0.7	(0.6)	1.2	9.1	12.2	(3.1)
Premises	5.2	5.4	(0.2)	46.9	47.3	(0.4)
Clinical Negligence	1.9	1.9	(0.0)	17.5	17.5	(0.0)
Other non pay costs (including CIP)	2.1	3.2	(1.1)	19.1	20.7	(1.5)
Total Recurrent	39.4	40.0	(0.6)	353.4	<i>356.8</i>	(3.4)
Other non pay costs	0.3	0.3	(0.1)	2.4	1.5	0.8
Receivables impairment net of reversals	0.0	5.1	(5.1)	0.0	8.2	(8.2)
Total Non-recurrent	0.3	5.5	(5.2)	2.4	9.7	(7.3)
Subtotal for non-covid	39.6	45.4	(5.8)	355.7	366.5	(10.7)
Covid:						
Drugs	0.1	0.1	(0.0)	0.3	0.9	(0.7)
Clinical Supplies	0.8	0.7	0.1	8.6	7.1	1.5
Misc Other Operating expenses	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.9	(0.2)	1.1
Premises	0.1	0.1	(0.0)	0.9	1.2	(0.2)
Clinical Negligence	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other non pay costs (including CIP)	0.4	0.7	(0.3)	7.8	5.1	2.8
Subtotal for covid	1.6	1.7	(0.1)	18.5	14.0	4.4
Total Non Pay	41.2	47.1	(5.9)	374.2	380.5	(6.3)



Note: The Month 9 figures show a year to date adverse variance of £6.3m - this includes £4.6m of Injury Cost Recovery impairment of long-term debtors and £2.0m of funded ERF expenditure

CUH 13 week rolling cash flow forecast (£000)





Key messages:

• The forecast suggests that there is no requirement for additional revenue cash support within this 13 week period.



Appendices

Month 9 capital expenditure position



Year to Date (Month 9)					
	Budget £m	Actuals £m	Variance £m		
Programme					
Estates/HV	8.6	4.9	3.8		
e Hospital / Legacy Systems	1.2	1.2	0.0		
Medical Equipment Replacement	3.3	2.3	1.0		
G2	1.7	1.9	(0.1)		
Cancer Research Hospital	0.0	1.4	(1.4)		
Childrens Hospital (CCRH)	4.5	3.5	1.0		
Surge Centre	21.4	18.0	3.4		
Other Developments/PFI	6.6	4.4	2.2		
Mitigations identified by CAB	0.0	0.0	0.0		
Programme Total	47.4	37.5	9.9		

Forecast							
Budget	Budget Expenditure						
£m	£m	£m					
14.3	11.7	2.6					
6.0	6.0	0.0					
11.1	11.1	0.0					
2.0	2.2	(0.2)					
0.0	1.9	(1.9)					
8.5	6.2	2.3					
25.1	25.1	0.0					
10.9	9.1	1.8					
0.0	4.6	(4.6)					
77.9	77.9	0.0					

Key Issues/Notes Year to Date

 The capital programme has net slippage of £9.9m (M8 £11.7m): Surge Centre is now £3.4m behind original plan phasing. Estates schemes £3.8m behind original plan. Thrombectomy has slipped by £1.4m.
 Orthopaedic theatres have slipped by £0.9m.

• Spending totalled £7.4m in December.

Key Issues/Notes Forecast

- The forecast remains to achieve plan.
- Thrombectomy is forecasting slippage of £2.0m.
- CAB is actively managing the identified slippage by bringing forward schemes from 2022/23.
- The budget has increased by £1.1m following additional NHSE/I funding allocations.

Balance sheet

Balance sheet	
	M9 Actual
	£million
Non-current assets	
Intangible assets	21.9
Property, plant and equipment	421.0
Total non-current assets	442.9
Current assets	
Inventories	11.0
Trade and other receivables	72.7
Cash and cash equivalents	163.5
Total current assets	247.2
Current liabilities	
Trade and other payables	(187.3)
Borrowings	(8.5)
Provisions	(9.6)
Other liabilities	(97.6)
Total current liabilities	(303.0)
Total assets less current liabilities	387.1
No. 1 Control of the Latenta	
Non-current liabilities	(07.2)
Borrowings Provisions	(87.2)
	(5.2)
Total non-current liabilities	(92.4)
Total assets employed	294.7
- Communication of the Company of th	
Taxpayers' equity	
Public dividend capital	557.4
Revaluation reserve	34.4
Income and expenditure reserve	(297.1)
	2047

294.7



Balance sheet commentary at month 9

- The balance sheet shows total assets employed of £294.7m.
- Non-current liabilities as at month 9 stand at £92.4m, of which £90.0m represents capital borrowing (including PFI).
- Cash remains strong as at month 9 despite the Trust action to continue accelerating creditor payments to support the private sector to recover from the downtime in business during the Covid-19 lock down.
- The balance sheet includes £31.6m of resource to support the completion of the Remedial fire safety works expected to be deployed over the coming years.

Total taxpayers' and others' equity